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Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

AGENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILE

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.

May 17, 1865–tf.

K. A. LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

☞Prompt and careful attention will be given to the collection of all claims against the Government for Back Pay, Bounty, Pensions, &c.

OFFICE—With J. W. Mattern, Esq., in the brick row, nearly opposite the Court House. no5–6m*

LAW ASSOCIATION.

The undersigned have associated themselves together in the practice of the law in Huntingdon, Pa. Office in the one now, and formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House.

A. W. BENEDICT,
J. SEWELL STEWART.

July 20, 1864.

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.
E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865–tf.

Exchange Hotel,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
WM. C. McNULTY, PROPRIETOR,
Formerly of the Franklin Hotel, Chambersburg.
TERMS LIBERAL.

may3, 1865–1y.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
HENRY SMITH, Proprietor.

Huntingdon, Aug. 23, 1865.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.

April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.

April 13, 1864.

DR. D. P. MILLER, Office opposite Jackson House, offers his service to citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. no1–6ms

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 23, '65.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

C. LONG & CO., Dealers in Candies, Nuts, Family Groceries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

HENRY STROUSE & CO., Markles burg, Pa., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

LEOPOLD BLOOM, Huntingdon, Pa, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

ZYENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

SIMON COHN, Coffee Run, Dealer in Dress Goods, Groceries, Wood and Willow Ware.

J. B. SHONTZ & BRO., Marklesburg, Dealers in Ready Made Clothing, Jewelry, &c.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO., Dealers in Books and Stationery, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. WM. BREWSTER, Huntingdon. [Cures by Electropathy.]

MGUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

HENRY M'MANIGALL, Proprietor of Livery stable, Washington street, Huntingdon.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

S. SHOEMAKER, Agent for the Magic Star Liniment, Huntingdon, Pa.

A. P BRUMBAUGH, Agent for the Victor Cane Mill, &c., James Creek, Hunt. co., Pa

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.

Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXI. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1866. NO. 28.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

[For the Globe.]

THE SLEIGH RIDE.

Away we go, o'er the frozen snow,
With a motion light and free;
'T is cold we know, and the wind doth blow,
But a fearless band are we.

Out of the town, as the sun goes down,
We glide swiftly on the way;
With ne'er a frown—every care we drown,
And yield to pleasure's sway.

Each hooded face, abundant in grace,
Beams with a genial smile;
With the lily's trace the rose hath place,
Where dimples gambol the while.

Each gallant gent, on full comfort bent,
Sits close to some fair one's side;
While jokes are sent with loving intent,
And all are joyed in the ride.

And then at night, when the moon is bright,
The best of our joys begin;
A cheerful light, and supper all right,
We'll find at the wayside inn.

On pleasant day, in a well filled sleigh
With friends whom we love so well,
What is as gay as to speed away
At the sound of merry bell?

Then 'way we go, o'er the frozen snow,
With a motion light and free;
'T is cold we know, and the wind doth blow,
But a fearless band are we. F. F.

[For the Globe.]

A Reply to "Phinegan."

LOGG KABBIN, Huntenden Kounty, Last munth in last yere, and nine dais to go on.

DEER EDITUR:—Sinse mi hosband Phinegan hez bin maiking so mutch fuss about wimmin, & spechilly about Mrs. Eve doin so and so, it becums me his adoorable wife to say that my hosband is rong. I air a woman, my muther was a woman, and I want the world 2 kno that I am strictly a wuman's rite wuman. I say if Mrs. Eve did ete the rambow or pippin appel, I say abuvbord she had a rite to ete them, for the Maker of heven and this immortail universe kreated man and wuman, and he also caused appels to gro, and I no he intented the frute too be eatin, and if Mrs. Eve did ete the appel, why hadn't she a rite to ete em. Why, Mr. Editur, aren't we cumanded to respect our muthers, and I say abuvbord that Mrs. Eve is as good as any other wuman, and a dogg site better. Why a man like my hosband tocken about a wuman cumitten sich an awful sin otein an appel; he had better look at home. Purhaps he dozent think it a sin to drink whiskee. O, noo! I expec not, when he cums hom drunk at night and abruses the darling childdren. Now, I supose he thinks Adam never cumitted a sin; didn't Adam pitch into the grapes, and didn't Adam git gloryous drunk. Now Mr. Editur, I never red mutch inn the testiment, but I am told this is true; and when my hosband cums home drunk I scold him, and he tells me that Adam knode his bisness, and Adam got drunk on wine. Now, Mr. Editur, witch do yu think the worst, gitten drunk or etein appels. And further, my hosband wants to maike every purson beleeve that wuman is always wanting somethin; well awl I got to say on this subjec is this: If the men wood git the things that wimmin want, then the wimmin wood not be wantin awl the time. Now, Mr. Editur, in conclusion let me say that if my hosband gits me everything that I want, then I will let him git as drunk as he pleases and he kin spend as mutch for whiskee as he wishes, and I will insure you that he will cum to want beefour he is menny yeres older.

Yures hastefully,
MRS. PHINEGAN.

MR. SEWARD'S FIRST KNOWLEDGE OF THE DEATH OF LINCOLN.—Mr. Seward had been kept in ignorance of the attack on the President, his physician fearing that the shock would be too great for him to bear, and all newspapers were rigidly excluded from his room. On the Sunday following his assassination, the Secretary had the bed wheeled around so that he could see the tops of the trees in the park opposite, just putting on the spring foliage, when his eyes caught the stars and stripes at half mast on the War Department, on which he gazed awhile then turning to his attendant said:—"The President is dead!" The confused attendant stammered and changed color as he tried to say nay, but the sagacious old man said: "If he had been alive he would have been the first to call on me; but he has not been here, nor has he sent to know how I am, and there's the flag at half mast." The old statesman's inductive reason had told the truth, and he lay in silence, the great tears coursing down his gashed cheeks, as the dreadful truth sank into his mind.

☞Has a man a right to claim that he has one brother simply because he has two half brothers?

[From the New York Post.]

The Hour for Statesmanship.

While the war was still going on, the supreme object of every patriot was to push it forward with all the energy of which the nation was capable. War is such a horrible condition for any society to be in, that the sooner it is ended the better it is for all concerned, and the more vigorously it is prosecuted the sooner it is ended. When the one side or the other is exhausted, it must come to a close. Loyal and good men then did what they could during the war to secure the success of what they thought the right cause. They did not stop to wrangle with each other about the means; they upheld the Government; they reinforced and comforted the armies; they fortified public sentiment, and they harassed, weakened and discouraged the enemy by every act, legislative or personal, which might the more speedily ruin his hopes and drive him from the field. The question before the nation was one simply of military and moral efficiency, and whatever contributed to that, we all of us cheerfully helped. In our eagerness to reach the goal, no doubt we did many things hastily, wrongly, even recklessly, but these were errors justified by the greatness of the purpose.

But now the war is over, and the enemy has laid down his arms, our public duties are quite of another sort. They are the duties of statesmanship, not of military skill, and of the wisest, profoundest, calmest, most penetrating, and comprehensive statesmanship that we can summon to the crisis. We are called upon, not merely to patch up a nominal peace, which may flame into war again on a future occasion, but to repair thoroughly the breaches of the war, to remove the causes of it, and to reconstitute the nation on a basis of principle that will bring back more than the pristine harmony. That, after all, was largely superficial and seeming; but what we want is a complete, solid, unchangeable unity of reciprocal respect and affection. It has been demonstrated by events of the most stupendous and decisive character, with echoes of which the world still rings, that we of the United States are one people, that we can only be one people, and the business of the wise statesman is to render that result as speedily, really and permanently valid as his means permit.

The cause of the war, as every philosophic mind now sees, was the diversity of the social system of the North and South, produced by the institution of slavery, coupled with the diversity of political doctrine which they respectively generated. In both parts of the country we were industrial and democratic; but at the North our industry was free, and our democracy humanitarian and progressive, while at the South the industry was bound, and the democracy was personal and conservative, inclining to oligarchy. At the North, consequently, we believed in the equal rights of all men and the sovereignty of the people, while at the South they believed in rights limited to a race, and the sovereignty of the States.

At the North we were growing rapidly in population, wealth, refinement and power, and that growth was making itself more and more felt in political domination; while at the South they were growing rapidly too, but not in the same accelerated ratio; the political power was escaping from them, and so they resolved to strike while there was yet time either to recover their dominion by extorting from us concessions and compromises, or to set up a new, independent and grand slavery empire of their own. They did strike terribly, but they struck too late, and of this they are now convinced; they are alike hopeless of restored dominion or of independence; and their true interest lies alone, as they must themselves come to see when the fumes of passion disperse, in the cultivation of a broad, hearty and growing fellowship with the people with whom they must live.

Under these circumstances we are asked to determine on what conditions the insurgent States are to be allowed to resume the exercise of their political functions—both local and national. It is a subject, it must be confessed, involved in considerable difficulty, requiring for its successful treatment calm discussion and judgment rather than passion and zeal. Many earnest men, both in and out of Congress, whose past services to the cause of freedom have been eminently useful, and whose motives are always above suspicion, insist that no restoration shall be effected; no State allowed to revive its Federal connection, until it has frankly and fully purged itself of all venom of treason, and given pledges of future fidelity to the Union.

Among the tests of loyalty thus proposed are: 1st, a disavowal of the rebel debt; 2d, an express recognition of the loyal debt; 3d, a denial of the doctrine of State sovereignty and secession; 4th, the adoption of the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery (already promulgated as law); 5th, the investiture of the freedmen with complete civic rights; 6th, an entire reorganization of the State governments, under a provisional regime, to be furnished by Congress; 7th, an amendment to the Constitution proportioning representatives to voters; 8th, the extension of the right of suffrage to the negroes, more or less numerously; 9th, a repeal of the clause of the Constitution which prohibits export duties; and, 10th, the establishment of a uniform system of public schools.

Whether the objects sought to be accomplished in the various schemes are desirble or not, is not here the question; if they were, we are sure that all of them would get our earnest unswerving support; but the question is whether, supposing we have authority to impose them on the States, it is proper to do so as a condition of their return to the Union. A further question is, whether these laudable and generous objects cannot be more effectually, as well as consistently, pursued after the restoration of the States than before it. A third question is whether the General Government, which has hitherto been restricted to a precise and limited sphere of action, is the proper agency through which to effect these objects, or whether we shall still confine them to the local Governments. There may be a thousand things desirable, but not by centralizing power at Washington as it is centralized in Paris. In other words, the debate is one of methods rather than of ends, and men may differ as to methods without in the least compromising their fidelity to the ends. Every honest and loyal man means that liberty shall be the law of this whole nation, and the only inquiry with him is how that liberty shall be secured with the least detriment to our existing institutions and with the greatest and most lasting benefits.

Mr. Sumner, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Bingham, Mr. Wilson, and others hold that we must exact guarantees of good faith and freedom from the South, or else keep their States in subjection and exile. On the other hand, the President, with Mr. Doolittle, Mr. Cowan, Mr. Raymond, and others in Congress, held that, with the spirit the South already evinces, and the deeds it has already done, we should be satisfied.

By a very general, if not altogether cordial passage of the great amendment, it is argued, the South has tried to remove the main bone of contention between us. With slavery, also, must tumble down the entire and fantastic superstructure of State sovereignty, secessionism, and race supremacy that was built upon it; and thus the Southern mind and Southern society will be opened hereafter to those great principles of democratic truth, to those healing and elevating influences of democratic civilization, which are the salvation and glory of our country.

If, say this class of reasoners, the Southern States, either through our dread of their concealed rancor, or as a punishment, are kept in isolation and dependence, it is to be feared that the spirit of their people will become more estranged and sullen, instead of better. Their treatment of the freedmen will take on harsher features even, which nothing but the presence of an extensive military force can mitigate or avert. We shall have to govern them as Austria governs Hungary, or Great Britain Ireland, or France Mexico, by practices little in consonance with the genius of our institutions or the temper of the people.

On the other hand, restore them to their functions in the Union, and good nature and confidence will gradually replace ill-nature and suspicion, and we shall govern them then less directly, but far more effectually, by friendly intercourse, by judicious legislation, and by that mighty agency of public opinion which in free nations is a more potent engine of enlightenment and progress than either the sword or the edicts of State. Exiled from their old relations, and a prey to the uncertainties of their position, the South will lose hope and elasticity, while the old sectional controversies, of which we are all weary, will draw out their tedious length. But the Union once restored, we shall spring forward to new activities, new industries, new combinations of interest and sentiment.

A terrible incubus will fall from our shoulders as soon as this long, painful, and at length bloody contest of sections shall be closed. Democracy, in its noble and unpartisan sense, will then have a free and glorious course throughout the nation, and we shall see transformation at the South and advancement at the North that will surprise the hopes of the most sanguine.

With the objects of the more extreme Republicans, then, this journal confesses a most ardent sympathy. We are determined, so far as we can assist, that every man in every State shall enjoy not only his civic, but his political rights; we pledge ourselves now and henceforth to the party which shall surely and triumphantly carry this point; but as to the method by which the end is to be reached, we incline to the views of the President as the more liberal, just and wise. Our national system is peculiar in style as well as principle, and, because we believe it better than any other, we are willing to trust it now as in times past.

Union Generals Killed or Died of Wounds During the War.

1861.

N. Lyon, Brigadier General of Volunteers, at the battle of Wilson's Creek, Missouri—the first and only Union General killed in the first year of the war.

1862.

Major General Philip Kearney, killed at the battle of Chantilly.

Major General I. I. Stevens, killed at the battle of Chantilly.

Major General J. K. F. Mansfield, mortally wounded at Antietam.

Major General J. B. Richardson, mortally wounded at Antietam.

Major General J. L. Reno, mortally wounded at South Mountain.

Major General Wm. Nelson, shot at Louisville, in a private quarrel with J. C. Davis.

Brigadier General W. H. L. Wallace, killed at Shiloh.

Brigadier General G. D. Bayard, mortally wounded at the first battle of Fredericksburg.

Brigadier General P. D. Hackleman, killed at Corinth.

Brigadier General Henry Bohlen, killed at Freemen's Ford, Rappahannock river.

Brigadier General G. W. Taylor, mortally wounded at Cub Run, Va.

Brigadier General J. P. Rodman, mortally wounded at Antietam.

Brigadier General J. S. Jackson, killed at Perryville, Ky.

Brigadier General C. F. Jackson, killed at Fredericsburg.

Brigadier General Robert McCook, murdered by guerrillas.

1863.

Major General H. G. Berry, killed at Chancellorsville.

Brigadier General A. W. Whipple, mortally wounded at Chancellorsville.

Brigadier General J. F. Reynolds, killed at Gettysburg.

Brigadier General George C. Strong, mortally wounded on Morris Island, South Carolina.

Brigadier General J. W. Sill killed at Murfreesboro.

Brigadier General S. K. Zook, killed at Gettysburg.

Brigadier General W. Lytle, mortally wounded at Chickamauga.

Brigadier General W. P. Sanders, mortally wounded at Knoxville, Tenn.

1864.

Major General J. Sedgwick, killed in front of Spottsylvania Court House.

Major General J. B. McPherson, killed before Atlanta.

Brigadier General A. Hays, killed at the battle of the Wilderness.

Brigadier General James S. Wadsworth, killed at the battle of Spottsylvania.

Brigadier General James C. Rice, killed at Laurel Hill, Va.

Brigadier General S. A. Rice, of wounds received at Jenkin's Ferry, Arkansas.

Brigadier General O. G. Harker, of wounds received at Marietta, Ga.

Brigadier General D. McCook, of wounds received at Marietta, Ga.

Brigadier General D. A. Russell, killed at the battle of Winchester.

During the same time the following have died of disease:

Major General C. F. Smith.

Major General O. M. Mitchell.

Brigadier Generals F. W. Lander, J. Cooper, C. D. Jameson, J. B. Plummer and J. E. Patterson.

Major General J. Duford.

Brigadier Generals E. N. Kirk, Thos. Welsh and M. Corcoran.

Major Generals D. B. Birney, Brevet Major General Joseph G. Totten, Chief Engineer, Brigadier General J. P. Taylor, Commissary General of Subsistance, Brigadier Generals Ransom, Chaplain and Woodbury.

"GOOD-BY, OLD ARM."—In the hospital at Nashville, a short time ago, a wounded hero was lying on the amputating table, under the influence of chloroform. They cut off his strong right arm, and cast it, all bleeding, upon the pile of human limbs. Then they laid him gently upon his couch. He woke from his stupor and missed his arm. With his left arm he lifted the cloth, and there was nothing but the gory stump! "Where's my arm?" he cried; "get my arm; I want to see it once more—my strong right arm." They brought it to him. He took hold of the cold, clammy fingers, and, looking steadfastly at the poor, dead member, thus addressed it with tearful earnestness: "Good-by, old arm. We have been a long time together. We must part now. Good by, old arm. You'll never fire another carbine, nor swing another sabre for the Government," and the tears rolled down his cheeks. He then said to those standing by: "Understand, I don't regret its loss. It has been torn from my body that not one State should be torn from this glorious Union."

WIT AND HUMOR.

☞On the Little Miami railroad is a station called Morrow. A new brakeman on the road, who did not know the names of the stations, was approached by a stranger the other day while standing by his train at the depot, who inquired:

"Does this train go to Morrow, to-day?"

"No, sir," said the brakeman, who thought the stranger was making game of him, "it goes to-day, yesterday, week after next."

"You don't understand me," persisted the stranger, "I want to go to Morrow."

"Well, why in the thunder don't you wait until to morrow, then, and not come bothering around to day?—You can go to morrow, or any other day you please."

"Won't you answer a civil question civilly? Will this train go to day to Morrow?"

"Not exactly. It will go to day, and come back to morrow."

As the stranger who wanted to go to Morrow was about to leave in disgust, another employee, who knew the station alluded to, came along and gave him the required information.

☞"Will you permit a lady to occupy this seat?" said a gentleman to another the other day, in a railroad car.

"Is she an advocate of woman's rights?" asked the gentleman who was invited to vacate.

"She is," politely replied he who was standing.

"Well, then, let her take the benefit of her doctrines, and stand up."

☞An Irish glazier was putting a pane of glass into a window, when a groom, who was standing by, began joking him, telling him to put in plenty of putty. The Irishman bore the banter for some time, but at last silenced his tormentor by: "Arrah now be off wid ye, or else I'll put a pain in yer head widout any putty!"

☞Sir Fletcher Norton was noted for his want of courtesy. When pleading before Lord Mansfield, on some question of manorial right, he chanced to say: "My lord, I can illustrate the point in an instant in my own person: I myself have too little manors."

The attentive judge immediately interposed, with one of his blandest smiles, "We all know it Sir Fletcher."

☞Every young man is eagerly asking the best way of getting on in life. The Bible gives a very short answer to the question: "Walk in the way of good men, and keep the paths of the righteous." A great many books of advice and direction have been written, but here is the gist of them all.

—"I say Pat," said a Yankee, "why don't you sue the railroad corporation for the damages you have received?—Both your legs broken all to smash.—Sue them for damages."

"Sue them for damages, eh, boy?—I have had damages enough already. I'll sue them for repairs."

☞A few days since a fellow was tried for stealing a wood saw. The culprit said he only took it in a joke. The justice asked how far he had carried it, and was answered "about two miles." "That is carrying the joke too far," said the magistrate, and committed the prisoner.

☞A forty day husband, on whom the memory of the honeymoon already seems to have become powerless, wants to know why his wife is like a small pie. Do you give it up? "Because," said the unfeeling wretch, "she is now a *little tart*."

☞Notwithstanding the deference man pays his intellect, he is governed more by his heart than his head. His reason may pronounce with a certainty that seems to imply no impossibility of mistake; but, after all, his heart will run away with the action.

☞An old Yorkshireman being informed by a betting acquaintance that "his friend, the captain," would obligingly hold the stakes, replied: "Aye, aye, that's all very well, but who's to hould the Captain?"

☞If this world were our abiding place we might complain that it makes our bed so hard; but it is only our night quarters on a journey, and who can expect home comforts.

☞A young gentleman whose lady love suddenly left him in the lurch, mournfully prays that she will come soon and take him out.

☞People who dont pay any bills are exempt from the expense of the stamp tax on their receipts.

☞It is better to sleep with an empty stomach than to lie awake with an accusing conscience.

☞Poverty is a bully if you are afraid of it, but good natured enough if you meet it like a man.

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

COURT AFFAIRS.

JANUARY TERM, 1866.

TRIAL LIST.
JANUARY TERM, 1866.

FIRST WEEK.

J. H. Stonebraker's adm'rs	vs David Stewart.
Alexander Glenn for use	vs Evan Jones.
Leonard Weaver	vs H. & B. T. M. R. R. Co.
M. P. O'Horn for use	vs Dr. McMurtrie's adm'r.
Dr. P. Sheerberger's ex'r.	vs Wilson & Lorenz.
Morris Tasker & Co.	vs Harrison & Mattern.
W. H. Henderson	vs A. Wise, et al.
Lowell Shumway	vs Samuel B. Grove.

SECOND WEEK.

Margaret Shaffer	vs Foust & Etnier.
S. L. Glasgow for use	vs Mary Gibbony's executor.
Boggs & Kirk	vs Samuel B. Grove.
D. S. Peterson, et al	vs Samuel Bolinger.
Jacob Miller's executor	vs John McComb.
John Gayton	vs M. M. Wise & A. Wise.
Matthew Simpson	vs D. L. Etnier.
D. M. Heck	vs S. L. Glasgow & wife.
Edward Buckley	vs Morris Hawn's executor.
Joshua Williamson	vs J. & S. Shively.
Mary DeArmitt	vs Nicholas Cresswell.
John Bell et al.	vs Morgan & Gifford.
D. C. Wilson	vs George Warfel.
Wm. Bricker	vs Rev. John Beaver.
Patrick Hammill	vs W. E. McMurtrie et al.
Enos McMullen for use	vs Harrison Gorsuch.
Henry B. Grove	vs J. G. Boyer et al.

W. C. WAGONER, Prothonotary.

GRAND JURORS.

John Copenhaver, laborer, Shirley.
Sam. Dieffendaffer, blacksmith, Shirley.
George Eby, farmer, Brady.
David Fleck, farmer, Shirley.
Samuel Gregory, farmer, West.
James Harper, farmer, Cromwell.
John Hetrick, farmer, Brady.
Peter Harnish, farmer, Morris
William A. Hudson, farmer, Dublin
Sam. Hemphill, carpentor, Huntingdon
Henry Holtzapple, miller, West
David Johns, farmer, Cromwell
James Lane, farmer, Shirley
Michael Low, farmer, Morris
John Laport, farmer, Franklin
Graffius Miller, brewer, Huntingdon
Charles Miller, tanner, Huntingdon
Andrew G. Neff, farmer, Porter
George Numer, farmer, Henderson
James Park, farmer, Juniata
John Robb, farmer, Walker
H. R. Shearer, mail contractor, Dublin
Andrew Sheffler, farmer, Cromwell
John Thompson, farmer, Juniata

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

James Black, farmer, Porter
Benjamin F. Baker, farmer, Tod
J. Berkstresser, merchant Coalmont
Samuel Barick, farmer, Barree
James Bricker, farmer, Huntingdon
Lewis Bergans, farmer, Henderson
David Barrick, farmer, Penn
John Beaver, farmer, Hopewell
J. Copeley, gentleman, Warriorsmark
John G. Decker, wagon maker, West
John Eby, farmer, Shirley
Jacob Fouse, farmer, Walker
John Gregory, farmer, Walker
Philip Gosnell, farmer, Cass
George Glazier, butcher, Huntingdon
Jer. Grazier, farmer, Warriorsmark
John R. Gossnell, farmer, Cass
Collins Hamer, jr., farmer, West
Wm. Hoffman, carpenter, Huntingdon
George Hallman, blacksmith, West
George W. Hall, laborer, Brady
Benjamin Heffner, farmer, Walker
David Isenberg, farmer, Henderson
Samel Kreiger, farmer, Hopewell
George Kyler, farmer, Walker.
Joseph Logan, blacksmith, Barree
Zach. Lower, carpenter, Warriorsmark
Sela Lock, farmer, Springfield
James Lloyd, farmer, Walker
Daniel Logan, inn keeper, Carbon
Robert Madden, farmer, Springfield
Wm. Moore, merchant, West
Isaac Myton, gentleman, Barree
Jacob Mears, clerk, Carbon
George McClain, farmer, Tod
Henry Neff, miller, West
John Nightwine, farmer, Henderson
Jacob Park, farmer, Shirley
Wm. J. Pearson, inn keeper, Carbon
John Piper, laborer, Porter
Samuel Rutter, farmer, Cromwell
Samuel Rulston, tailor, Warriorsmark
Easton Robb, farmer, Porter
H. H. Summers, farmer, Hopewell
J. Whittaker, of Thos. laborer, Porter
J. Westbrook, jr, shoemaker, Huntin.
Ephraim Wright, farmer, Union
Wm. B. White, farmer, Juniata

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Anthony Beaver, carpenter, Penn
Simon Beck, farmer, Warriorsmark
John M. Booher, farmer, Shirley
P. H. Burket, farmer, Warriorsmark
G. C. Bucher, merchant, Alexandria
Hugh L. Cook, farmer, Cromwell
William Clark, farmer, Shirley
Daniel Coble, laborer, Union
Robert Cunningham, farmer, Porter
Samuel Douglas, farmer, Cromwell
Andrew Elias, farmer, Tod
Wilson L. Elias, farmer, Tod
T. Fisher, sr., merchant, Huntingdon
John Fulton, farmer, Hopewell
John Gutchall, farmer, Springfield
Wm. Hildebrand, farmer, Shirley.
George Hetrick, farmer, Henderson
Jacob Hess, farmer, Henderson
Joseph Isenberg, carpenter, Walker
John Itinger, farmer, Shirley
Hugh Jackson, farmer, Jackson
William Lincoln, farmer, Walker.
L. Meredith, shoemaker, Huntingdon
Mathew Martin, farmer, Walker
James McCall, farmer, Henderson
John Numer, carpenter, Henderson
John M. Oaks, farmer, West
John Piper, farmer, Tod
Lawrence Swoope, blacksmith, Penn
Peter Shaffer, farmer, Morris
Alex. Stitt, gentleman, Alexandria
George Stever, farmer, Union
Christian Shontz, farmer, Hopewell
Henry Shultz; farmer, Hopewell
David F. Tussey, farmer, Porter
Abraham Taylor, farmer, Cass

New Musical Instruments.

A new stock of musical instruments have just been received at Lewis' Book Store. Violins from $3 to $50,—Guitars from $12 to $35; Banjos $8 and $9 50; Accordeons $6 to $15; Fifes, Bows, Strings, Rosin, Tail Boards, Bridges, Mouth Organs, and Jews Harps. tf.

Revenue Stamps

From 1 cent to $10, always on hand and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.—Orders by mail, accompanied with the cash for stamps and *postage*, will receive prompt attention.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 10, 1866.

☞Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin, in his recent inaugural address, gives publicity to the following sentiment:

"Not until Jefferson Davis shall have been *tried, convicted, and hung for treason*, and the fact that treason is a crime, which cannot be committed with impunity, *shall have thus been fully demonstrated*, will the American people be content."

This is the sentiment entertained by the loyal masses of the people from east to west, and we are pleased to see that the people's highest functionary in Wisconsin is not backward in giving vent to his feelings and those of his constituents. Members in the National Legislature have introduced bills inquiring into the cause of the delay in the Davis' trial. The anxiety of the public has not yet ceased in regard to what shall be the disposition of Jeff. and we think the sooner his case is disposed of, the better it will be for him perhaps, and the people, surely. The crime of treason should be demonstrated upon the person of some rebel, and what more appropriate person than the head and conter of the great rebellion?

NEXT GOVERNOR.—The Union State Central Committee is called to meet in Harrisburg on Friday the 19th inst., for the purpose of fixing the time for holding the next State Convention, and transacting other business. The most important business for the next Union State Convention will be the nominating of a Union candidate for Governor. It is not too soon for the people to be looking around for the best man. We notice in some of our exchanges, communications urging the claims of several gentlemen. Colonel Frank Jordan of Bedford, Maj. Gen. John W. Geary, now a citizen of Cumberland county, and Hon. James K. Morehead of Allegheny, are strongly urged for the position. Hon. John Cessna of Bedford, Mr. Ketchum of Lycoming, and some three or four other prominent gentlemen have also been named for the nomination. Our columns are open to our patrons to urge the claims of their choice.—

The Legislature.

The Legislature assembled on Tuesday of last week. Both houses organized by the election of Mr. Fleming of Dauphin, Speaker of the Senate, and Mr. Kelly of Washington, Speaker of the House. The other officers were principally re-elected. Mr. Benedict was re-elected Chief Clerk of the House.

On Wednesday nominations were made for State Treasurer. The election to take place on the 10th. Mr. H. Kemble, of Philadelphia, present Treasurer, is the caucus nominee of the Union Party, and will be re-elected.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth was then introduced and presented the following message from the Governor:

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

GENTLEMEN:—The toils and anxieties of the last four years have from time to time brought on me severe attacks of disease. From the most severe of these I am now slowly struggling towards recovery. I find that to give my constitution an opportunity to continue this struggle, it is absolutely necessary that I should, without delay, make a short sea voyage, and sojourn in a milder climate. Under the pressure of this necessity I go to the Island of Cuba. It is my hope and intention to return in good season to welcome you on your arrival at the seat of government. But, if it should be found indispensable that my visit to Cuba should be prolonged to the early part of February, this message will serve to lay before you the cause of my absence at the commencement of your session. In this case I feel sure that you will adopt such course as shall consist with your wisdom, and with the affectionate consideration which I have always received at your hands.

It would, however, not become me to forget that the issues of life are in the hands of the One above all, and that many have found death waiting for them on the foreign shore to which they had been sent in search of health. Should such be my fate, I shall draw my last breath with a sense of the deepest gratitude to the people of the Commonwealth and their Representatives for the cheerful, manly, unfailing support which they have given during the last four years to the great cause of the right, and to me in my efforts to maintain it, and with a prayer of thankfulness to Almighty God, that he strengthened me till the end of the cruel rebellion, and thought me worthy to be permitted to continue to that time as the Chief Magistrate of the people of Pennsylvania. To have my name connected in that relation with such a people during such a time, ought to be enough to fill the highest measure of any man's ambition.

ANDREW G. CURTIN.

Executive Chamber,
Harrisburg, Nov. 27, 1865.

The House, after some other unimportant business, adjourned till Wednesday, the 10th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Of the twenty six members in the present Congress from this State, twenty are lawyers, two are merchants, (of whom our Representative, Hon. A. A. Barker, is one,) one a banker, one an editor, one a farmer, and one a contractor. Eighteen were born within the State, and eight without.

Next Governor.

MR. LEWIS.—I observe that the newspapers throughout the State, are urging the claims of several gentlemen of standing and merit for the next Governor of this Commonwealth. Bedford county has two aspirants in the field—John Cessna and Frank Jordan—both, men of talent and worth; either of whom, I have no doubt, would make an excellent Governor. Other men of prominence are also suggested by their friends, any of whom, no doubt, would sustain the enviable reputation the old Keystone has attained, but we have a man in our midst, in your borough,—in whom is centered all the qualifications combined, to make one of the best Governors Pennsylvania ever boasted of. In him, we have ability, integrity, industry, energy, honesty, worth, and a man who stands at the head of his profession as a lawyer. That man is the Hon. JOHN SCOTT, of your borough. A man almost without a fault. A man without a blemish or spot upon his character. A man of whom the politicians of either party cannot say aught against as to fitness or qualifications; and one of the *very* best men in the *whole* State for the position, and I suggest that he be urged for the nomination. He is not a politician and never was, therefore, he is not acquainted with the wire-workings of the political machine, the lack of which knowledge makes him doubly qualified for the position. In his hands, the affairs of State would be perfectly safe, as he could neither be bought or bribed. He is conscientious as well as honest.

Mr. Scott's sterling worth should not be overlooked, and I urge the gentleman's friends to press his claims before the Convention that will meet some time next Spring or the early part of the Summer, for the purpose of placing in nomination some suitable person for our next Governor. We want honest men, reliable men, men of intellect to fill our offices of trust and responsibility. Mr. Scott has few, *if any*, superiors in the State, and we urge his claims on that ground. Above reproach, he stands before the people the type of all that is good and true. A man who deserves well of his fellows. A man when known is appreciated. A man that would make as good if not the best Governor Pennsylvania ever produced, and the Convention which nominates, will not be doing its duty, if it overlooks such men as JOHN SCOTT, modest and unostentatious as he is.

UPPER END.

Barree township, Jan. 6, 1865.

SOLDIERS' DISCHARGES AGAIN.—The following address has been issued by the Soldiers' and Sailors' National League:

It has come to our knowledge that many honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who have served during the whole or a portion of the war for the suppression of the rebellion are selling or offering for sale, their discharges. We desire to express our sorrow and chagrin that any of our late brothers in arms are willing for a few dollars to sell the certificates for the part they performed in saving our beloved country, in preserving to the people and to their posterity, the precious legacy of liberty transmitted by our fathers.

We beg you to consider well the importance that your discharges will be to each one of you through life. It is the only evidence you possess of having served throughout your term with honor; untinged, and unblotted by any disgraceful, cowardly act. It will ever be a pass to you for obtaining honest and honorable employment or position in the walks of civil life. It is the only voucher which enables you to claim or receive from time to time such benefits and blessings as a free and grateful people through their Congress will unquestionably bestow upon its country's saviours, particularly in their old age.

We respectfully recommend to each and every one of you to have your discharge papers recorded in the county office where you reside, so that in the event of the loss of your discharge in any manner, there will be a recorded evidence of the name.

By order of the Soldiers' and Sailors' National Union League.

Report of the Superintendent of Common Schools.

From the report of the Superintendent of Common Schools, for 1865, we learn that the whole number of schools in the State of Pennsylvania is 12,548. Whole number of pupils who have attended the public schools during the year, 629,587. Average attendance per month, 397,701. Per centum of attendance upon the number, 628. Average length of school term, 15 months and 14 days. Average cost per month, including all expenses, 68 cents. Whole number of teachers, 14,286. Average salaries of male teachers per month, $31 82; of female, $24 21. Total cost of tuition, $1,999,777,83. Total expenditures of the system for tuition, houses and fuel, $2,775,484 06, which is an increase from 1864 of $384,584.06. This is exclusive of the city and county of Philadelphia. Including Philadelphia, the total cost of the system for the school year ending on the first Monday of June, 1865, was $3,614,238 55, and $3,395,582 76 more than it was in 1864.

☞Semmes, the commander of the pirate Alabama, is in confinement at Washington. He seems anxious to have an early trial. That he will have a trial is certain; and we may predict that his fate will be such as the magnitude of his crimes deserves—such a fate as that the demon Wirz was visited with.

A Message to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The following were laid before the United Senate to day:

To the Senate of the United States:

In reply to the resolution adopted by the Senate on the 12th, I have the honor to state that the rebellion waged by a portion of the people against the properly constituted authorities of the Government of the United States has been suppressed; that the United States are in possession of every State in which the insurrection existed, and that as far as could be done, the courts of the United States have been restored, post-offices reestablished, and steps taken to put into effective operation the revenue laws of the country.

As the result of the measures instituted by the Executive with the view of inducing a resumption of the functions of the State, comprehended in the inquiry of the Senate, the people in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee, have recognized their respective State Governments, and are yielding obedience to the laws and Government of the United States with more willingness and greater promptude than under the circumstances could reasonably have been anticipated. The proposed amendment to the Constitution providing for the abolition of slavery forever within the limits of the country, has been ratified by each one of those States, with the exception of Mississippi, from which no official information has been received; and in nearly all of them measures have been adopted, or are now pending, to confer upon freedmen the privileges which are essential to their comfort, protection and security.

In Florida and Texas the people are making commendable progress in restoring their State governments, and no doubt is entertained that they will at an early period be in a condition to resume all of their practical relations with the Federal Government. In that portion of the Union lately in rebellion the aspect of affairs is more promising than, in view of all the circumstances, could well have been expected. The people throughout the entire South evince an audible desire to renew their allegiance to the Government, and to repair the devastations of war by a prompt and cheerful return to peaceful pursuits. An abiding faith is entertained that their actions will conform to their professions, and that, in acknowledging the supremacy of the Constitution and the laws of the United States, their loyalty will be unreservedly given to the Government whose leniency they cannot fail to appreciate, and whose fostering care will soon restore them to a condition of prosperity. It is true that in some of the States the demoralizing effects of the war are to be seen in occasional disorders; but these are local in character, not frequent in occurrence, and are rapidly disappearing as the authority of civil government is extended and sustained.

Perplexing questions were naturally to be expected from the great and sudden change in the relations between the two races; but systems are gradually developing themselves under which the freedman will receive the protection to which he is justly entitled, and by means of his labors make himself a useful and independent member of the community in which he has his home.

From all the information in my possession, and from that which I have recently derived from the most reliable authority, I am induced to cherish the belief that sectional animosity is surely and rapidly merging itself into a spirit of nationality, and that representation, connected with a properly adjusted system of taxation, will result in a harmonious restoration of the relations of the States to the national Union.

The report of Carl Schurz is herewith transmitted, as requested by the Senate. No reports from the Hon. John Covode have been received by the President.

The attention of the Senate is invited to the accompanying report of Lieutenant General Grant, who recently made a tour of inspection through several of the States whose inhabitants participated in the rebellion.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18, 1865.

Interesting to Soldiers.

On account of the immense number of questions on the subject, the Paymaster General has prepared the following rules for the information and guidance of persons presenting claims. It should be stated under what act the claim is made:

1. If under act of July 22, 1861, the man should state, under oath, whether he has received the $25 advance bounty, or whether he claims the whole of the $100 bounty. 2. If under any other act authorizing the payment of United States bounties, he should name each and every installment claimed and unpaid. 3. No claim for veteran bounty will be entertained unless the claimant has heretofore been recognized and borne on his company rolls as such veteran. 4. Colored soldiers applying for bounty should state whether they were mustered as "free on or before April 19, 1861," or were "enrolled and subject to draft" at the date of enlistment. 5. If the claim is for back-pay, the man must name the months for which he claims, and state where and on what rolls (hospital or other) he has been mustered, or where he was on each muster day, from the time he first claims pay to the date of discharge. 6. In case of claims for unsettled clothing, the sworn statement of the commanding officer of the company to which he belonged, sustaining the claim, must be filed with it. 7. If the claimant be an officer, he must state when last paid, and, if possible, the name of the paymaster who last paid him. 8. In all cases send duplicate copies of Form 5 in enlisted men's cases, only signed and witnessed. In cases of officers Form 3, to be signed and sworn to.

MAJOR QUATTLEBUM, of Georgia, has applied for a pardon. He "rests his base" on the fact that by serving four years in the Confederate army as rebel wether of a flock of g'rillers he "helped bring the thing to a head, and extinguished slavery." "If we hadn't fit about it," says the Major, "the damned thing would hev been thar still."

One of the Bitter Fruits of Treason.

We notice by our Southern exchanges that a great outburst of indignation has recently been had in parst of Virginia, at the fact that the widow of Stonewall Jackson is now living an object of public charity, a charge, really, on the directors of the poor in the parish where she resides. There is a retribution in all this which Southern indignation cannot hide, while the manner in which it illustrates the ingratitude of treason is full of impressive significance. Stonewall Jackson was looked upon as the bravest and the purest man in the rebel armies. When he perished the hosts of treason sent up a grievous howl—they felt, indeed, that they had lost a great commander. Immediately money was raised to procure statues of the dead traitor and build monuments to his memory. But before this money is disbursed, and before the men who acted with Jackson have forgotten their hatred of our authorities, the fact is made public in the South that his widow is a pauper. It is related of Benedict Arnold that while he wandered an outcast and died a beggar in an alley in London, his relatives in America lived shunned by all men, and that the last of kin of the traitor actually became inmates of alms houses. Already this fate begins to overtake the survivors of those who led in the rebellion. Mrs. Jackson belonged to that class of Southern dames who added to the fury of rebellion by firing the hearts of those who loved them with intense hatred of the Yankee. She doubtless dreamed when the rebellion was organized, that the reward of her traitor husband's arming as a soldier, would be to place her in a pal ace in all the glory conferred by the title of a dowager on a duchess. But for the share which Mrs. Jackson took in the horrid crime of treason, she now reaps her reward of beggary, in the midst of a people who three years ago, were wont to regard her as one of the favored women of the South. Mrs. Jackson's case is not an isolated one. Hundreds like her, will (if they do not already) be compelled to suffer beggary as the just reward of their share in the crime of treason.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

A PETITION from the women of the United States to Congress, asking for an amendment to the Constitution, "prohibiting the several States from disfranchising any of their citizens on the ground of sex," is in circulation, and has been forwarded to us for publication. We are unable to publish it, but we wish the movement all possible success. We think the women of the United States ought to have the franchise if they desire it, and we think they ought to desire it. But until they do desire it, and show that they do by a general and emphatic expression of opinion, we are opposed to their being saddled with it on grounds of mere theoretical fitness or justice. In any real democracy women ought to vote, but the position of disfranchised women differs in many important particulars from that of disfranchised men. The social emancipation of women must, in our opinion, precede their political emancipation. As long as they are socially dependent, as at present, on men, and do not generally desire or seek independence, the assertion of their political rights will be difficult or impossible. We should, for our part, witness without emotion the disfranchisement of all *men* who looked steadily and persistently to married life as a career or means of livelihood.—*The Nation.*

WHAT PRESIDENT JOHNSON SAYS OF THE FREEDMEN.—Gen Fisk, of the Freedmen's Bureau, said in a speech in Brooklyn on Tuesday evening,—

"Yesterday, I had a talk with the President, who said to me that he felt the great responsibility committed to him. 'People say sometimes I was born South, and I will not treat the negro as a freeman, but I mean and desire to carry out the views of the great and good Abraham Lincoln, and to see that these people have a guaranty of their freedom. I may not believe with you in their ultimate attainments, but I mean they shall have a fair chance. [Cheers.]' I wish the people of the North knew what I have to stand between. Daily I receive telegrams and letters from all parts of the South of dreadful import. If they could but see the difficulties of my position, they would pity me, and give me their prayers.' This he said with tears in his eyes; and I asked him if the Freedmen's Bureau was to be discontinued,—my resignation being already in his hands,—and he said to me, 'Go back, go to your work, and see justice done to both white and black. The Freedmen's Bureau will only cease to exist when the Southern States are resolved to deal honestly and justly by these freedmen.' [Applause.] And I came away from his presence with more of faith and hope in Andrew Johnson than I ever had."

☞The statistics of railroad casualties during the past year show that the number of accidents was one hundred and eighty three, being forty-three more than the number in 1864. The number of persons killed, however, was but three hundred and thirty-five, which was sixty-nine less than the number of the previous year. That the destruction of life was less, while the number of accidents was greater, does not show that the safety of those who travel is increasing, for, as a contemporary intimates, a larger amount of caution should diminish the accidents as well as the destruction of life.

☞It turns out that the Christmas riot at Alexandria, Va., was commenced by a party of drunken Ex-Rebels, who after filling their skins with whiskey, started out armed and commenced a general on-slaught upon every negro they met. The ring leaders were arrested, and it is hoped will be severely punished. A turn at the whipping post would do some of those scoundrels good.

THE venerable father of Gen. Grant was the recipient of marked and respectful attention in Washington recently. On being questioned as to the early characteristics of his son, he replied: "Never saw him show his grit, when a boy, but once, and that was trying to break a colt. It was a tough fight, but the colt had to surrender."

NEWS SUMMARY.

Gen. Grant will soon prepare for his trip to New Orleans and Texas.

GEN. SCHOFIELD is in Paris, where he is the observed of all observers.

MONDAY last was the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans.

THE total amount of the public debt at last statement was $2,716,581,536,19

MARSHALL and Freeke, the Pittsburg murderers, will be hanged on the 12th instant—Mrs. Grinder on the 19th

THE completion of the soldiers' cemetery at Antietam is reported to be in a forward state.

THE Fish Convention will be held at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 10th. Delegates will go from this county.

A FIRE occurred on the 2d in Philadelphia, at Sixth and Chesnut streets. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

HON. John Cessna, Chairman, has issued a call for a meeting of the Union State Central Committee at Harrisburg, on Friday, the 19th instant.

THE guerilla Moseby was in Washington on the 2d, and was lionized by his secession friends. He claims to be fully reconstructed.

THE cattle disease is still spreading in Europe, and the number of deaths is estimated at 40,000. Upwards of 5,000 are attacked every week.

IT is generally understood at Washington that Napoloon has sent an autograph letter to President Johnson on Mexican affairs.

THE 77th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, is on its way home from Texas. The regiment will be paid off and mustered out in Philadelphia.

GEN. LEE's application for pardon, which was made in September last, is still in the hands of the President, but no action has been taken on it.

The amount of naval prize money that has been already paid amounts to about $9,500,000, and it is estimated that about $5,500,000 remain unpaid.

Brig. Gen. Hugh W. Mercer, of the late Confederate army, is now on trial before a military commission, at Savannah, charged with the murder of seven Union soldiers.

General J. Shields, of Mexican war and Shenandoah valley fame, has turned farmer, having settled in Carroll county, Missouri, on an estate he has purchased there.

IT takes $20,885,000 to pay for the bread and meat consumed in Philadelphia in one year, without taking into consideration the poultry, fish, vegetables, and other matters eaten.

THE loss of life in this country by steamboat accidents the past year, was much greater than ever before, the number being estimated at 1,788. In 1864, 358; in 1861, 60.

THE Currency Bureau has been receiving lately vast quantities of counterfeit fractional currency, mostly of the twenty five and fifty cent denominations. It seems to be increasing.

THE Governor of Alabama, in his inaugural address, says that from thirty five to forty thousand citizens of that State perished in the war, which caused also a loss of wealth equal to five hundred millions of dollars.

IT is estimated that the losses by fire in this country during the past year amounted to more than $43,000,000. In 1865 they were $28,000,000, and in no year prior to that were they more than $22,000,000.

THE resignations of Major General Kilpatrick, appointed Minister to Chili; General J. D. Cox, Governor elect of Ohio; and Major General Henry E. Davis, appointed Public Administrator under Mayor Hoffman, New York, have been accepted, to date Jan. 1, '66.

THE total amount of gold brought from California during the year 1865 is $20,564,895, against $12,952,967 in 1864. $11,905,478 in 1863, $24,882,846 in 1862. and $34,370,557 in 1861. The heaviest amount was in 1854, of $46,532,116. The whole amount of gold from California for twelve years past is $377,080,719.

THE murder of Miss Watt, in Germantown, near Philadelphia, on Saturday, causes great excitement. This is the first murder ever committed in that village. The deceased was over seventy years of age, and resided alone. She was found with her throat cut from ear to ear, and her skull fractured. The murder must have been committed between six and seven o'clock. No clue to the murder has yet been discovered. The murdered women is reputed as having been quite rich.

☞We clip the following from one of the Philadelphia daily papers.—Our people visiting or sending down to the city, would do well to make a note of it:

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S FINE CLOTHING.—This establishment, located at the corner of Sixth and Market street, Philada., familiarly known as "Oak Hall," is probably the largest and best conducted Ready Made Clothing and Merchant Tailoring House, in the State. Their superior syles, excellent workmanship and moderation in prices have made their house deservedly popular.

In their Custom Department, where elegant garments are made to order, none but the very best artists are employed, and the fine assortment of materials to select from enables every one to be well suited.

Samples will be sent by mail, and instructions for measuring, when written for. no8–2m

Great Remedies.

Prof. McEntyre's Great Remedies—the Indian Compound, the Dandelion Pills, and the Indian Vegetable Worm Destroyer—for sale at Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon.

Gold Pens & Pencils,

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

THE GREAT MEDICINE!

M'Entyre's INDIAN COMPOUND,

A NEW SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PRICE PER BOTTLE, 50 CTS., and $1,00

☞Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARD COAL.—A superior article of Hard Coal for sale at
Jan9 S. E. HENRY & CO.

FOR RENT.—Jas. A. Brown offers for rent a large room, 18 by 35 feet, on the second floor in his new mammoth Hardware building, Hill st. Huntingdon, Pa. It is lighted with gas, and is well suited for a business room, or would be a pleasant situation for a public Reading Room.
Possession will be given on April 1st, 1866, or sooner if desired. Jan10–3t*

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE AND LOT,

on west end of ALEXANDRIA. The house is a new frame. A good Stable, Carriage House, Wood House, and pump and Spring house also on the lot.
Apply to HIRAM AYRES on the premises.
January 10, 1866–3t*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—
[Estate of Rev. Jacob Snyder, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary, on the estate of Rev. Jacob Snyder, late of Porter twp., Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
JACOB HARNCAME,
JACOB SNYDER,
Jan10, 1866–6t Executors.

A GREAT INVENTION!

SAFETY BRIDLE AND LINES.

The undersigned inform the citizens of Huntingdon county that they have purchased the right for the county for selling single or township rights to manufacture the

SAFETY BRIDLE AND LINES.

The Bridle and Lines are to prevent horses from kicking or running away, and every man who wishes to drive a horse or horses with any safety should be sure to have these bridles and lines. They are only to be seen to be approved. For any further information inquire of
DEITWEILER & HASLETT,
Jan6–3t* Allenville, Mifflin county, Pa.

OLD FRANKLIN ALMANAC

FOR 1866.

CONTENTS:

A continued Chronicle of the Rebellion against the United States, embracing a record of military, naval, and political events from Oct. 7, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1865.
Regular army of the United States.
Indian tribes of the United States.
Populations of United States, Great Britain, Ireland and France.
Casualties among General officers of the Union and rebel armies during the war, killed in battle and died.
Area of new states and territories.
Freezing points of various liquids.
Melting points of solids.
Bishops, Methodist and Episcopal Church.
Bishops, Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States, living and deceased
United States Government, 1866.
Hierarchy, Roman Catholic Church in the United States, archbishops and bishops.
Debts of nations.
Signs of Rain.
The Governments of the world.
State and territorial governments.
Battles of the revolution, &c., &c.
Price 20 cents per copy.
Copies mailed (post-paid) on receipt of price.
For sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE. tf

A F A R M
AND
PERSONAL PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

The subscriber will offer for sale at the late residence of Rev. Jacob Snyder, of Porter township, dec'd., one mile from Alexandria, and one from Barree station,

On Tuesday, January 23d, 1866,

The following Described Farm, to wit:

Containing 124 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Jacob and David Neff, Henry Walbeater, Philip Bousiough and Hannah Swoops. Over a hundred acres cleared and under good cultivation, the balance timber land. The improvements are a good log Dwelling House, good bank Barn, good spring house, with a never failing spring of water, and other outbuildings. There is also a variety of fruit trees on the premises.
Terms made known on day of sale. Possession given on or before the 1st day of April next.

ALSO, ON SAME DAY,

The Personal Property of said deceased,

Consisting of 3 work Mares, 4 Cows, 1 good sized Bull, and a number of young cattle, 2 fat hogs, 2 large stock hogs, and a number of shoats, 14 head of sheep, 2 wagons, plows and harrows, patent hay rake, threshing machine, winnowing mill, 2 sleighs, 1 one horse carriage and harness, horse gears, saddles, bridles, meat, lard and apple butter. Also, beds and bedding, stoves, tubs, copper kettle, stands, a lot of bees, potatoes by the bushel, hay by the ton, and a variety of household furniture and farming utensils.
Sale to commence at 9 o'clock on said day, when terms will be made known.
JACOB HARNCAME,
Jan10, 1866–2t JACOB SNYDER, Executors.

NOTICE TO THOSE INDEBTED.
All persons indebted to H. STROUSE, & CO., are requested to call immediately and make settlement and save further trouble. H. STROUSE, & CO.
Marklesburg, Jan. 2, '66–2t.

$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. Dec.20, 1865–1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Harlan G. Harris, of Morris township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them for settlement.
HENRY HARRIS,
Spruce Creek, Jan 2, '66–6t* Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
[Estate of John Heddings, dec'd.
Letters of Administration upon the estate of John Heddings, late of Brady township, Huntingdon county dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment. CALEB WAKEFIELD,
dec13–6t* Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of John Donaldson, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of John Donaldson, late of Mapleton, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
JANE DONALDSON, Mapleton,
SAM'L. T. BROWN, Huntingdon.
N. B.—Rev. B. F. Collins and William Gayton have been appointed agents and attorneys in fact of James Donaldson in place of said deceased, to transact all business relating to the real estate and the purchase money due on lots sold. dec13–6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Daniel Montague, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of Daniel Montague, late of Cromwell twp., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
JONATHAN MONTAGUE,
dec6–6t* Administrator.

NOTICE.
[Estate of George Russel, dec'd.
Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of George Russel, late of Hopewell township, Huntingdon county, deceased. All persons indebted will make payment, and those having claims present them, properly authenticated, to us.
GEORGE B. WEAVER,
Cove station, Dec. 5. Administrator.

$50 REWARD.—Was stolen from the subscriber, near Huntingdon, Pa., on Saturday night, December 2, a sorrel MARE, (and Saddle, and Bridle,) risiding four years old, light mane and tail hind legs white from knees down, a stripe in her forehead, and a small speck of gloss in one eye.
$25 will be paid for any information which will lead to the recovery of the mare, and $25 for the arrest of the thief. [dec6] DANIEL KIPER.

GOING TO THE WEST.

THE undersigned respectfully informs all persons indebted to them that they are making preparations to move to the West at an early day and they hope all will call without delay and make a final settlement of book and note accounts, and all who have claims against them will please present them for settlement.
They do not desire to make costs in the collection of their claims. W. MARCH & BRO.
Marklesburg, Jan. 3, 1866–2t

$1,500 PER YEAR.—We want Agents everywhere to sell our improved $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Batchelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements* and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or at No. 823 Broadway, New York; No. 236 Carter street, Philadelphia, Pa.; No. 14 Lombard's Block, Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 West Fourth st., Cincinnati, O.; or No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y. dec30–1y

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC SOAP,

SAVES LABOR,
SAVES TIME,
SAVES MONEY,
SAVES CLOTHES,
SAVES SOAP,
AND SAVES WOMEN.

It's the Soap for Every Family.

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers throughout city and country. Manufactured only by
J. B. DOBBINS & CO.,
Jan3–10t 107 South Fifth street, below Chesnut, PHILADELPHIA.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!

BARGAINS.

FROM and after this date, we will sell the entire stock of goods in our Marklesburg Store at cost. This is no fiction, but all sales will positively be COST or UNDER.
Our stock consists of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
CAPS, &c.
We make this offer on account of our business agents, W. & J. MARCH, going west. Persons in need of goods cannot do better than give us a call, and find prices lower than expected.
A large lot of SALT, 3½ bushel sacks at low rates.
H. STROUSE, & CO.
Jan. 2, '66–2t.

The Old Foundry
STILL IN BLAST.

THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore received by strict attention to business, hope to merit and still receive the same, take this method to inform their friends and everybody else, that they are prepared to make all kinds of IRON and BRASS CASTINGS made in a first class Foundry.
We have always on hand all kinds of Plough and Stove Castings, also wash Kettles, cellar window Grates, coal hole castings for pavements, window weights of all sizes and weights, pipe joints, sled and sleigh soles, wagon boxes, machine castings for steam and water, grist, saw, sumac and plaster mills of all descriptions.
We are prepared to furnish Heaters and Iron Fences of the most improved style, oven doors and frames, door sills and in fact everything made in this line.
We have a very large stock of patterns and can furnish castings at short notice, and cheaper than they can be had in the county. Having a good drill we are prepared to do drilling and fitting up of all kinds.
☞Highest market price paid for old metal, brass, zinc, lead, &c. J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON,
Office on Railroad street, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. dec27.65

WEST HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY,
Near Fishers' Mill, Huntingdon, Pa.

THE undersigned would take this method to inform the public that his New Foundry is now in blast, and he is prepared to receive and fill orders for all kinds of CASTINGS, PLOWS, THRESHING MACHINES, &c., &c.
Being a practical mechanic at the business, of twenty-three years experience, and having a desire to please, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
Sled and sleigh Soles, and other castings, kept on hand.
☞Old metal, brass and copper taken in exchange for work. JAMES SIMPSON.
Huntingdon, December 13, 1865–6m.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!
JOSEPH L. POULTON,
Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,
HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains
FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE,
superior to any now in the city.
This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
oct. 17 '65.,

New Styles for '66 already on hand.
THE LARGEST and
THE BEST
STOCK OF NEW STYLES OF
WALL PAPER
Ever received in Huntingdon,
NOW OPEN
And for sale at Lewis' Book Store.
OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF
GILTS, SATINS, BLANKS, BROWNS
of various styles, for
Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Offices, Bed Rooms, Kitchens, Bar Rooms, &c.
Paper is on the rise—save 20 per cent. by buying soon.
It will pay all to buy now for Spring use

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.
may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE.
WASHINGTON STREET,
Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscriber is prepared at his New LIVERY STABLE, to accommodate all with
HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES
at reasonable rates, on short notice.
HENRY M'MANIGALL.
Huntingdon, March 8, 1865–1y.

Ladies' Furs,
OF ALL KINDS,
JUST RECEIVED
THE LARGEST STOCK AND VARIETY
EVER BROUGHT TO HUNTINGDON.
Ladies, call and examine at S. E. HENRY & CO

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE

ANY person in want of one of the above articles should call on Miss DIANAH L. BAKER, Agent for the Machine.
Huntingdon, Sept. 27–6m

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

LOVERING'S AND SUNLIGHT Syrup, New Orleans, Porto Rico Molasses, Coffee, Sugars, Teas, &c. at S. E. HENRY & CO.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicine purposes at S. S. SMITH'S.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 10, 1866.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Brief Items.

—"A True Democrat" will have a place in our columns next week.

—January 7th, Sunday, was very cold here and elsewhere.

—There is now a daily mail between Mount Union and Shade Gap.

—Busy since the 1st inst., the county auditors, settling up the Co. affairs.

—It must be good as almost everybody buys it—M'Entyre's Indian Compound.

—Evening meetings for prayer were held in the Presbyterian church during last week.

—A project is suggested to run a railroad through Morrison's Cove, in Blair county.

—A company is being formed for the purpose of boring for oil in Decatur township, Mifflin county.

—A temperance lodge of the order of Good Templars has been established in Hollidaysburg, Blair county.

—Crowded of late, our job office with work. We will soon have to get a fast steam power press.

—Mrs. Benjamin Heffner, residing near McConnellston, died suddenly on Wednesday night, the 27th ultimo.

—Unlawful, to kill deer after the 1st of January. Still we hear of two or three having been killed since then.

—The colored folks of town had a ball at the Warm Springs on New Year's night. It is said they had a gay and happy time generally.

—Our market mornings have been slightly neglected for some days past, still we do not hear of any body approaching starvation.

—Mr. John Musser has our thanks for a bottle of wine of his own manufacture, and some fine apples, as a New Year's present. Long may he live.

—Can't see the difference, the editor of the *Monitor* between a *business* transaction and a *proscriptive* transaction. Somebody's brain must be muddy.

—Rev. A. J. Barrow, will preach in the St. John's Episcopal Church, this place, on next Sabbath, in the morning at 11 o'clock, afternoon at 3 o'clock.

—We understand that Jos. McCoy, Esq., having purchased the Hawn mill property, near McConnellstown, is making preparations to rebuild the mill

—We like "muchly" the taste of the new editor of the Shirleysburg *Herald* in the selection of that head for his paper. It is bold enough even if it isn't elegant.

—Our carrier returns thanks to the patrons of the *Globe* and others who were kind enough to reward him from the purse on New Year's day. He realized a nice sum total of currency documents of every denomination.

—We believe every dwelling house and business room in town is already rented for the next year commencing 1st April. Say house to rent, and you will have a dozen applicants in less than an hour after, for it.

—The theatre of present enjoyment is the canal basin, where gents and misses glide swiftly over the surface on their skates, or fall gracefully on their backs. We hear of nobody getting a *duck* ing.

—On Saturday, Dec. 23d, Robt. W. Shaw, a lad about 13 years of age, son of Robert Shaw, Sr., of Derry twp., Mifflin county, whilst skating on Miliken's dam, broke through the ice and was drowned. A warning to skaters.

—Miss Jennie Anderson has resigned as teacher of the public school No. 2, of this borough, and the school teachers of the lower schools have each advanced a station higher. We hear a teacher has been chosen for School 1.

—It is thought that the cold weather has cooled the ardor of our citizens in the worthy object of rearing a monument for the soldiers. This should not be so, but when spring comes, we suppose, the cause will spring into a livelier existence.

—Court is being held the present week. There are many cases to be disposed of, but none of them are of very great general importance. The case of Snyder, which would have interested our public, will of course not come up, he still being without the jurisdiction of the law.

—Our exchanges came to us last week teeming with marriage notices. Huntingdon county "bears the palm." We publish an unusual list again this week, and we hear it rumored that before the month closes more will be joined in the holy bonds of wedlock. It is never too late to do good for dying humanity.

—The revival in the Methodist Church in this place still continues.—At times fifteen or more penitents are at the altar. The Methodists will have a good report from this district to make at Conference, from almost every quarter do we hear of great success attending their revival meetings. The Centennary of Methodism was celebrated on Sunday last.

An Old Subject Newly Considered.

We have repeatedly in our experience as a journalist referred to the necessity existing in our borough for a reading room. We have mentioned as far as able all the benefits that would be derived by our citizens generally should such a thing be established. We have shown its importance in the culture of our young people, its bearing upon the morals and literary standing of the community; how much vice it obliterates, and what virtues it cultivates. We have mentioned, too, how far behind our neighboring towns we are in this respect; but apparently nothing we said was heeded, and surely nothing has been done to establish it. The reasons why our citizens are so backward on this subject have never been explained, but we think we have a clue to the main reason, and that is that no suitable room could be found. Our town is seriously in need of public as well as private dwellings, and a town Hall would not be either a useless or a non-paying establishment. But we are pleased to communicate the intelligence that a room well adapted to the purposes of a Reading Room is offered for rent by Mr. James A. Brown. It is situated on the second floor of that gentleman's new and mammoth building, and is finished for immediate occupation. Now that the opportunity offers, and, what we suppose, the great barrier to the establishment of a Reading Room has been removed, we live in hope that our young people will consider the subject and agitate it until they come to the conclusion to accept the offer. Older citizens will not refuse their means and influence in advancing the worthy object, but it depends upon the young men to inaugurate the movement. It is to their advantage primarily, and to that of the citizens generally in the end, and of course it will be expected that they will labor for the securement of every advantage that will tend to improve and prepare them for the future. A young man should never be indifferent to the means established for his benefit, nor should he refuse to co operate in securing new fields of improvement.

We have agitated this subject again with the hope that it will not be lost to the minds of our many young people. It is presented in a more favorable light than ever before by us, the room being ready for the purpose. If no other objection exists to a Reading Room than that there never was a room to hold it in, we hope the young men will act at once and occupy the room now offered, and if there are any other objections entertained by our citizens we trust they will remove them, knowing that they are merely the offspring of superstition and prejudice.

We would suggest that the young men have a meeting to consult upon the matter and have that meeting at once before the opportunity of having the room is lost.

The Shirleysburg Herald.

The *Herald* of last week comes to us considerably changed in appearance for the better, as is always the case when a new broom is first put to active use. Mr. John Lutz, heretofore editor, is now Associate, and Benjamin Lutz, heretofore Associate, is now Editor and publisher in chief. Both father and son have labored faithfully to establish the *Herald* upon a firm foundation and we hope they have not been disappointed.

The *Herald* will in the future be open to conviction, as will be seen by the following paragraph taken from the new editor's address to the public:

"I can lay down no line of policy which I intend to pursue. *The future course of* THE HERALD *will be shaped by future events, as they transpire.* It will be the organ of no political party or faction, but will favor or oppose the candidates and measures of either party at its option; taking care that its independence shall *not be all on one side.*"

Stolen Horse Recovered.

The sorrel mare stolen from Mr. Daniel Kiper on the night of the 2d of December, was sold by the thief to a gentleman in McVeytown, on the 4th. Mr. Adam Rupert, living in the neighborhood, read the advertisement in his *Globe* and seeing the animal knew her to be the property of Mr. Kiper, and he was informed of the transaction. On Saturday Mr. Kiper went after his animal and she is now again in his stable. The purchaser paid a good price for the animal. He will be more careful hereafter and not buy from a stranger. The thief is still at large and perhaps in the business in some other locality.

Go to Japan.

If you want a place for cheap living go to Japan. You can buy a first class house for $30, and live comfortably in it for two cents a day. Servants charge fifty cents a month, and a horse and groom may be had for the same time for one dollar and fifty cts. These figures, it must be admitted, are a *little* lower than they are here.—What a nice little difference there is even in the price of a house, between $30 and $9,950!

Which Would Be Best?

It is a question with some whether it would not have been better to have sold the "Family Record" through the book stores instead of solely by agents We are not prepared to say which plan is preferable, but either will do, for everybody will buy one no matter who sells them. Mr. A. Harrison is agent for the above, in this county.

A New Railroad Project.

We clip the following paragraphs from a communication sent to the *U. S. Railroad and Mining Register*. It refers to a project for an iron and coal railroad, calling it the Dauphin and Bedford R. R., which, as the writer says, "would, on its completion command a mineral traffic of a million of tons the first year to begin with."

He lays down the following as the route of the proposed railroad:

"Starting from a point on the Lebanon Valley Railroad, and passing on the south side of Harrisburg to an eligible site for a railroad bridge across the Susquehanna; thence up the Yellow Breeches creek, through and near a series of iron ore deposits opened at intervals along the foot of the South Mountain; thence across the route of the Cumberland Valley Railroad in the vicinage of Shippensburg; thence west to the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, on the waters of the Bloody Run; and thence on, via Bedford, to a connection with the Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad on Wills creek, twelve miles from Cumberland."

Speaking of its importance in developing the Broad Top coal region he says:

"With this road built, the Broad Top coal region would mine and forward to market a half million tons of coal and more, per year, whilst large quantities of Somerset coal would be received on the new road, at its Wills creek connection with the Pittsburg and Connelsville Railroad."

He further remarks:

The Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, 44 miles long, is now open and in operation, from Huntingdon on the Juniata to Mount Dallas, on Bloody Run, 6 miles from Bedford; in addition to the main road the company own three branches, (one of which is nine miles long,) leading to the coal mines. Over two millions of dollars are invested in the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, and about twenty-five collieries have been opened in the Broad Top coal field; so that altogether, Broad Top is the scene of vast investment in railroad, mining plant and mineral land.

"The Dauphin and Bedford Railroad would enhance the interests in the Broad Top coal field in amount equal to the whole cost of a new road from Harrisburg, via Yellow Breeches creek, to the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad. It would save to the Broad Top colliery operators a dollar a ton in cost of forwarding coal to market, which saving alone would more than pay the interest on the whole cost of the new road; and if we add what it would enhance Broad Top coal lands and Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad shares, we see the whole cost of the road represented in the increased value imparted to existing investments in the Broad Top district."

The editor of the *Register* in commenting on the project says:

"In the first place, it proposes to occupy the best unoccupied railroad ground in Pennsylvania at this day, *provided* that it be built all the way through from the Lebanon Valley R. R. to the Pittsburg and Connellsville R. R. or Cumberland; and that it be operated under lease by the Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co., which is in position and in condition to accommodate the Broad Top coal trade, and also the Somerset coal trade; and also to form a combination line to Pittsburg, via Connellsville; and also to form a combination line, via Cumberland, to Wheeling on the Ohio river, and to Parkersburg on the Ohio river. And so the Dauphin and Bedford Railroad would be a division in short, direct between Southwestern Pennsylvania and West Virginia in the interior, and the two great cities at tidewater. This consideration is of the first significance and importance, and will bear elaboration and enlargement, in minds open to events in the future."

A New Jail.

It is about time our county builds a new jail, or gives the old one a complete repair. It is no longer a place where bad men can be detained for trial or punishment. All prisoners now in jail are in irons, and all new boarders will meet with a like reception. It is hard usage but it is necessary, to make sure their attendance at Court. We hope the Grand Jury now in session will visit the jail and make a report to the Court and people of the county.

☞The following officers were elected at the meeting of the Huntingdon Co. Agricultural Society Monday evening:—Graffius Miller, President; R. McDivitt, John M. Bailey, Recording Secretaries; R. M. Speer, Corresponding Secretary; Geo. Jackson, Treasurer; Theo. H. Cremer, Librarian. The Society decided to hold a fair some time between the 25th of September and the 10th of October, 1866, and a committee of three appointed to select and prepare suitable grounds.

A Visit to Washington.

John B. Shenefelt writes us an interesting account of his visit to Washington. It is rather lengthy, but we will try to publish it next week. It will be a map for others of our citizens of the county, who expect to visit Washington, to go by. Mr. Shenefelt and lady saw the sights and got the worth of their money invested.

Fish Convention.

At a meeting of a number of the citizens of the county at the Court House on Monday evening last, the following persons were appointed delegates to the Fish Convention to assemble at Harrisburg to-day, Wednesday:—A. W. Benedict, E. Baker, D. Dunn, Henry Neff and W. Lewis, with power to appoint additional members.

☞On Tuesday morning last, when the second fast freight train was on this side of Barree station, an axle broke, throwing thirty cars off the track. A brakeman had his ankle sprained.

☞The Chambersburg *Repository* entered on its seventy third year, with its last issue, much improved and enlarged. It has always been a fearless advocate of justice and the right, and is unquestionably one of the ablest journals in the country. We always hail the arrival of this journal, and we trust it will live three-score years and thirteen more.

Book Auction.

There will be an auction of Books, Stationery, & Miscellaneous articles at the Book Store of Simpson, Armitage & Co., on Tuesday evening, Jan. 9th next, at 6½ o'clock. All should avail themselves of this rare opportunity to secure good reading matter &c.

Term Expired.

The term of David Black, County Treasurer, expired with the last day of the old year. T. W. Myton, elect, has reported, and taken charge of the office. Mr. Black made a most excellent officer, and we predict that the public will have no reason to complain of Mr. Myton.

☞The Bedford *Inquirer* states that a special court will be held by Hon. George Taylor, President Judge of the Huntingdon district, on the third Monday of February next, for the trial of causes in which Judge King was concerned as counsel.

☞The heavy sums received for brick and stone houses is inducing others to auction off and become thousands heirs. We understand the brick house on the corner of Hill and Montgomery streets, will shortly come under the hammer.

Oil must Come.

A company is organizing in Barree township, to bore for oil on Stone Creek. Some persons are tickled with the idea. One of the party interested says all that is wanted is a hole deep enough and oil will come. We hope so.

MARRIED,

By Rev. R. Lewis McCune, at Mrs. Fraker's hotel, in Shirleysburg, on the 25th ult., Mr. JOHN H. NELSON, of Shade Gap, to Miss ELLIE R. NELSON, of Shaver's Creek, Huntingdon co.

In East Freedom, Blair county, by Rev. S. Hooper, Mr. THOMAS RUPERT, of Huntingdon county, to Miss MARY C. RUGGLES, of the former place.

On the 28th ultimo, by Rev. J. B. Strain, JOSEPH E. GARNER, of Blair co. to Miss NANNIE P., daughter of David Thompson, Esq., of the vicinity of Huntingdon, Penna.

By Rev. George Norcross, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. James Boggs, at North Henderson, Warren county, Illinois, on Thursday, Dec. 28, 1865, Mr. JAMES WRIGHT to Miss MARTHA M. BOGGS.

By Rev. Bridenbaugh, on Thursday, Dec. 28th, 1865, Mr. WILLIAM NEFF, of Rockview, near Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pa., to Miss CORDELIA HOWARD, of the vicinity of Gettysburg.

At the Farmer's hotel, Jan. 2d, by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. WM. GARNER to Miss MARY A. PARKS, both of Penn tp.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. ISRAEL STEVER, Battery M, 3d Penna. Artillery, to Miss MARTHA MILLER, of Union township.

At Alexandria, Jan. 2d., at the house of the bride's father, by Rev. S. M. Moore, Mr. ENOCH LEFFERT to Miss CAROLINE WHITAKER.

On Monday, Jan. 1st. 1866, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. A. S. Goodrich, WILLIAM C. LONG, formerly of Huntingdon, Pa., to Miss ARBIE L. MARSH of Kane, McKean Co., Penna.

Our young friend Will, who has been *operating* in a useful channel of the business life for some years past, has eventually concluded to bid adieu to the sphere of single blessedness, and taken to himself a fair companion for life. We hope Will and his lady *will* C. a *long* and happy *march* together in their present relation in life, and after the present in the eternal realms of bliss.

DIED,

MARY JANE, daughter of Abraham and Harriet E. Corbin, Nov. 19th, '65, aged 3 years, 11 months, and 12 days.

Weep not for Mary! She was far too fair,
Too pure to dwell in this guilt-tainted earth!
The sinless glory and the golden air
Of Zion seemed to claim her from her birth:
A spirit wandered from its native zone,
Which, soon discovering, took her for his own:
Weep not for her.

Weep not for Mary! She's an angel now,
And treads the sapphire floors of Paradise,
All darkness wiped away from her refulgent brow,
Sin, sorrow, suffering, banished from her eyes;
Victorious over death, to her appear,
The vista'd joys of Heaven's eternal year:
Weep not for her.

Weep not for Mary! There's no cause for woe;
But rather nerve thy spirit that it walk
Unshrinking o'er the thorny paths below,
And from earth's low defilements keep thee back;
So when a few fleet severing years have flown,
She'll meet thee at Heaven's gate, and bear thee on:
Weep not for her.

At her residence, near McConnellstown, December 26th, ELIZA, wife of Benjamin Heiffner, aged 45 yrs, 7 mos

Our departed friend we mourn, for she was a worthy woman. Early in life she became a member of the Ger. Ref. Church, and always adorned her Christian profession by a consistent life, and a regular attention to her duties. As a neighbor and friend she was highly esteemed, for she was always kind and ready to help. And as a wife and mother she was not surpassed for the tenderness and interest she ever showed towards those of her household, whom she loved so much. How she is mourned by these! Her husband fondly cherishes her memory, and deeply laments her loss. Her beloved children weep over her grave, and sorrowfully exclaim, "Oh! our dear mother!" But,

Away! away! our thoughts do rise
For hope had comfort to the skies:
On Jesus' breast, dear mother, rest,
And be forever, ever blest.

PASTOR.

Shaw & Clark's Sewing Machine.

We have received one of Shaw & Clark's beautiful sewing machines, and it has been tried by an experienced seamstress and pronounced a first rate article.

☞General Jno. W. Geary is in town, being a witness we understand at the present court. He will remain at the Exchange a few days.

Gov. CURTIN arrived in Cuba. In a letter to Secretary Slifer he states that the climate has acted like a charm upon him.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

January, 10.

Family Flour	$10.50
Extra Flour	$9.50
Superfine Flour	$8.00
Rye Flour	$6.00
Corn Meal	$4.25
Extra White Wheat	$2.70@2.80
Fair and Prime Red	$2.25@2.25
Rye	1.05
Corn, prime Yellow	80
Oats	52
Barley	$1.10
Cloverseed, 64 lbs	$8.00
Timothy	$3.50
Flaxseed	$3.10
Wool	60@70
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.

Family Flour ₰ bbl	$11.00
Extra Flour	9.50
Superfine Flour	8.50
Corn Meal ₰ cwt.	2.25
Buckwheat flour ₰ cwt	4.00
White Wheat	2.10
Red Wheat	1.05
Rye	90
New Corn	60
Oats	35
Cloverseed	6.00 @ 7.00
Flaxseed	2.60
Dried Apples	8.00
Dried Peaches ₰ lb	25 to 35
Butter	35
Eggs	25
Lard	20
Ham	25
Shoulder	20
Sides	25
Tallow	12
Hay	16.00

Another Sale
OF
GOVERNMENT GOODS.

THOMAS & SON will have another sale of a variety of goods, in HUNTINGDON,
Commencing First Tuesday of January Court,
and continuing during the week.
Their stock will be of a greater variety and better goods. jan3-2t

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber will sell at public sale at Marklesburg,
On Thursday, January 18, 1866.
The following property, to wit: One large heavy draft horse 6 years old, one sorrel family horse 5 years old, one black farm mare 7 years old, one fancy sleigh, and one sled, two Buffalo robes, one Top Buggy, and one Trotting Buggy, one Cow and Calf, one set of silver mounted Harness, and one working Harness, three Saddles, and a number of other articles too numerous to mention.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when reasonable terms will be made known
W. MARCH, & BRO.
Marklesburg, Jan. 2, '66-1t.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold on the premises in PENN township, at 12 o'clock,
On Thursday, January 25th, 1866,
A TRACT OF LAND containing 230 acres, of which about 50 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, having a good Dwelling House erected thereon, a never failing spring, and as good chestnut oak timber as any in the surrounding country. It is bounded by lands of John Anderson, Peter Speck, William Stare and David Norris.
TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale—the balance in two equal payments with interest, secured by bonds and mortgage.
The land belongs to the heirs of Jane McCall, late of said township, who have appointed the undersigned to act as their agent or attorney.
Jan3 JOHN ANDERSON.

Farm for sale.

THE undersigned will sell at public sale at the Court House, in Huntingdon,
On Wednesday, 10th of January, 1866,
His farm, situated in Walker township, Huntingdon county, Pa., adjoining lands of Jonas Buckwalter, Henry Harris, and Henry and Andrew Grubb, containing 250 Acres, more or less, about 100 of which are cleared and about 150 acres in good timber, with three log Dwelling Houses, and a log barn thereon erected.
There is also a large amount of good fossil Iron ore on the tract, part of it being now regularly worked.
Terms made known on day of sale, which will be accommodating.
Walker tp., Dec. 20, 1865-ts ISAAC KURTZ.

1866. 1866.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
FALL AND WINTER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon oct 17, '65.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accommodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of
SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.
ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.
A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove. Call and examine.
Huntingdon, Oct 17, 1865. Z. YENTER.

WANTED at S. E. HENRY & CO'S
15,000 bushels Wheat,
5,000 " Rye,
5,000 " Oats,
5,000 " Corn,
1,000 " Flaxseed,
1,000 " Cloverseed,
1,000 pounds Wool,
For which the highest cash price will be paid.

NOW OPEN,
WHARTON & MAGUIRE'S
NEW
Hardware Store,
IN THE BROAD TOP DEPOT BUILDING.
The public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.
Huntingdon, June 28, 1865.

WOOL, BLANKETS, COVERlets, Ingrane, Rag and Hemp Carpets, Rugs, Oil and Floor Cloths, at S. E. HENRY & CO.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store
Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs,
For sale cheap at the Clothing Store of
no24 LEOPOLD BLOOM.

S. E. HENRY & CO. sell all kinds of Iron, sheet Iron, Hoop Iron, Spring steels, horse shoes, stoves and a variety of Hollow ware.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,
THE
INDIAN COMPOUND
Internal and External Medicine,
WILL CURE:
☞Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day.
☞Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞Toothache in one minute.
☞Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞Rheumatism in one day,
☞Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞Fever and Ague in one day.
☞Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.
Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.
THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all these complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label; otherwise the money will be refunded.
I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore applicable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.
Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.
This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.
This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.
J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.
For sale at Lewis' Book Store.
Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S
DANDELION PILLS,
For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S
INDIAN VEGETABLE
WORM DESTROYER!
This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and *perfectly* harmless.
☞Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa.

INK. INK. INK!
NOTICE
To Merchants and Business Men.

THE undersigned having recently been appointed agent for the New York National Ink Company, hereby gives notice to merchants, business men, and to consumers of all classes that he is prepared to supply the market with an article of Ink which in addition to being the best in use, is emphatically the cheapest ever offered for sale in this country.
It neither corrodes the pen, nor moulds the inkstand, is of a rich bluish tint, flows freely, and is *perfectly indelible*, giving it advantages not possessed by any other Ink, whether of foreign or domestic manufacture. This Ink contains no sediment and will not therefore, thicken as most inks do, the last drop being as thin and clear as the first.
☞All orders whether wholesale or retail, will be promptly filled, at lower rates than as good an article can be purchased in the cities or elsewhere. Persons who entertain doubts as to the superior quality and cheapness of this Ink are respectfully entreated to give it a trial. John H. Clark, sub-agent will canvass the county for the purpose of introducing this Ink.
SIMON COHN, Agent,
Coffee Run P. O., Huntingdon county, Penna.
Oct. 10, '65-tf.

PRINCIPAL BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL INK COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.
MR. SIMON COHN, P. M., having been appointed salesman and general agent, is the representative of the above company for the county of Huntingdon, State of Penna., as per contract, all parties therefore, whether having dealt with us previously or otherwise, will please avail themselves of the advantages of dealing directly with the representative of our house here; they will find it to their pecuniary interest to do so.
C. L. VAN ALLEN, Actuary.
The above Ink is for sale at Lewis' and all the principal stores in the county.

DR. VENARD'S
STAR MAGIC LINIMENT
CURES
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE,
DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT,
CRAMPS, or
PAINS IN THE STOMACH,
SPRAINS,
and DIARRHŒA.
SOLE AGENT,
SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Price Fifty Cents.
Price One Dollar.
☞Agents Wanted to sell the above throughout the Country.
Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!
HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!
THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.
JOHN H. WESTBROOK
Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.
all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.
A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.
Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Huntingdon, april 12, 1865.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
WM. AFRICA
Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,
A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.
Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.
Huntingdon, Oct. 10, 1865.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
DONNELL & KLINE'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

STOVES. STOVES.
Spear's famous "anti-dust" Cook, Wellington Cook, Continental Cook, and a splendid variety of gas burner, and other Heating Stoves, for coal or wood, just received, and for sale at the Hardware Store of
Huntingdon, Oct. 18, '65-tf. JAMES A. BROWN.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS. Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels &c., &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

GO TO S. E. HENRY & CO'S for good Cloths, cassimeres, satinettes, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Velvet Cord, &c.

BLANK BOOKS, or various sizes, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

NEW GOODS
FOR FALL AND WINTER.
HENRY STROUSE & CO.
Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in MARKLESBURG, consisting in part of
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
NOTIONS,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,
WOOD and WILLOW WARE,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
NAILS,
GLASS,
OLD MEAT,
CRACKERS,
PROVISIONS,
FISH,
SALT, &c., &c.
Also—BONNETS and TINWARE;
NOW BARGAINS FOR
And in fact everything usually kept in a first class country store, which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.
We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and especially our Trough Creek Valley friends.
Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.
☞Cash paid for all kinds of grain, for which the highest market prices will be given.
HENRY STROUSE & CO.
Marklesburg, Oct. 24, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
If you want Cheap Goods,
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
If you want Good Goods,
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
If you want Fashionable Goods,
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
If you want to see the
GREATEST VARIETY and
BEST SELECTION OF GOODS
EVER BROUGHT TO HUNTINGDON,
Consisting of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, CASSIMERES of city and country manufacture, Brochet and Blanket SHAWLS, SONTAGS and Breakfast SHAWLS, PRINTS and MUSLINS of every variety, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Groceries and Confectioneries, and in a word, everything that eye hath seen or heart could wish,
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S
WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE
Corner of Railroad and Montgomery sts.
Huntingdon, Nov. 8, 1865.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. CUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Which he offers to all who want to be
CLOTHED,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for
MEN AND BOYS,
ALSO,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.
Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon May. 17, '65.

Reward the Soldiers!
Another Opportunity is offered the many Friends of the Soldiers to Reward those who Faced the Music of the Enemy.
J. B. SHONTZ & BRO.
RESPECTFULLY inform their numerous friends of Marklesburg and surrounding country, that they have received a large and splendid stock of
NEW GOODS,
Consisting of—
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
GENT'MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
and a large stock of JEWELRY, &c.
The public, without regard to politics, religion, sect or color, will find our store the place to buy just what they want, and at prices to suit the times.
Don't fail to give us a call, as we are determined to please all.
Marklesburg, Huntingdon co., Nov. 1, '65,

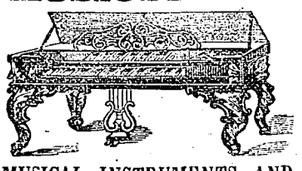
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.
HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colon, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of
MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS, SCHOOL,
AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.
Also, Latest Styles of
WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,
MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly Papers constantly on hand.
☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to.
CALL AT BROAD TOP CORNER,
Huntingdon, May3, 1865-1y

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS,
CHEAPEST CLOTHING in Town
LEOPOLD BLOOM
HAS JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Which he offers to the public
AT THE CHEAPEST RATES.
His stock consists of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c. &c.
His store is at the
OLD BROAD TOP CORNER, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Where he will be pleased to receive and accommodate all customers, LEOPOLD BLOOM,
Huntingdon, Oct. 10, 1865.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.
C. LONG & CO. would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to the fact that they have just opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Christopher Long, where they will keep constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock of
FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,
such as Lovering's Syrup, N. Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Flour, Fish, Cheese, Rice, Pickles, and Provisions of all kinds.
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
comprising, in part, Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards Corn Brooms, Brushes, Rugs, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, Bags Trunks, &c. &c.
CANDLES and NUTS of all kinds, wholesale and retail.
TOYS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c.
They respectfully invite a call and examination of their stock, satisfied that their goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other in the place.
C. LONG & CO.
Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the city, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
H. ROMAN.

MUSIC STORE.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one door west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
se27 One door west of Lewis' Book Store

HARDWARE
AND
CUTLERY!
AN
IMMENSE STOCK
AND
ENDLESS VARIETY
OF
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.
NOW OPEN
AND FOR SALE BY
JAS. A. BROWN,
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
Huntingdon, oct 17.

1866. CLOTHING. 1866.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
FALL AND WINTER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon oct 17, '65.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.
EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT
S. S. SMITH'S STORE,
ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention
The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.
S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, Oct. 17 '65.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of
SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.
Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, Oct 17, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN
THE CHEAPEST!
SIMON COHN,
AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of
Dry Goods,
Clothing, Wool
en Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and
Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco, Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions, Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Clocks, Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class try store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.
oct 18 1865. SIMON COHN.

New Furniture Establishment.
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,

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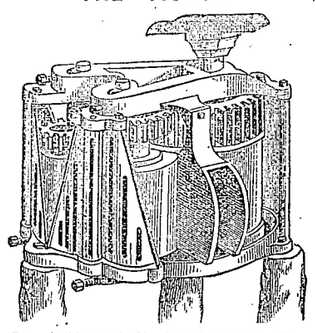

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A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the duplex elliptic steel spring skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For children, misses and young ladies they are superior to all others.

The hoops are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the single yarn covering, which is used on all single steel hoop skirts. The three bottom rods on every skirt are also double steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c, which they are constantly subject when in use.

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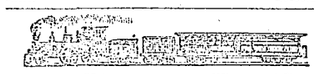

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.
TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL.	FAST LINE.	ACCOM.	EASTWARD. ACCOMMODATION.	EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P. M.	A. M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
5 25	4 13	11 58	.....	N. Hamilton,	4 39	.....	8 54
5 33	4 21	12 08	.....	Mt. Union,	4 32	9 53	8 45
5 42	4 30	12 18	.....	Mapleton,	4 22	.....	8 37
5 52	4 39	12 29	.....	Mill Creek,	4 13	9 37	8 28
6 09	4 54	12 48	6 46	Huntingdon,	4 00	9 24	8 15
6 25	5 09	1 08	.....	Petersburg,	3 42	9 08	7 55
6 33	5 17	1 20	.....	Barree,	3 34	.....	7 49
6 41	5 27	1 32	.....	SpruceCreek,	3 27	8 56	7 42
6 59	.....	1 53	.....	Birmingham,	3 10	.....	7 23
7 10	5 55	2 05	7 35	Tyrone,	2 58	8 33	7 13
7 25	6 06	2 20	.....	Tipton,	2 48	.....	7 03
7 31	6 13	2 28	.....	Fostoria,	2 42	.....	6 57
7 36	6 18	2 35	.....	Bell's Mills,	2 37	8 12	6 52
8 00	6 40	3 00	8 10	Altoona,	2 20	7 55	6 35
P.M.	A.M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 2 30 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 10 49 P. M.

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The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 18 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 50 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 8 58 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 30 P. M.

READING RAIL ROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
NOVEMBER 27, 1865.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 7.25 and 9 05 A. M., and 1 45 and 9.00 P. M., arriving at New York 5,40 and 10 00 A. M., and 3 40 and 10 35 P. M.

The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 and 9 05 a. m. trains, without change.

Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 7 35 A. M., and 1 45 and 9 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and all way stations; the 9 P M train making no close connection for Pottsville nor Philadelphia. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 1 45 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon; and 8 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Pottsville at 8 40 A. M., and 2 55 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 11,45 a m, Tamaqua at 7.35 A. M., and 1 40 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 6,45 a m.

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SOUTHWARD TRAINS.			NORTHWARD TRAINS.		
ACCOMM. P. M.	EXPRESS A. M.		STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	ACCOMM P. M.	EXPRESS P. M.
LE 4 15	LE 8 10		Huntingdon,	AR 11 30	AR 5 45
4 35	8 30		McConnellstown,	11 19	5 24
4 43	8 38		Pleasant Grove,	11 11	5 16
5 00	8 54		Marklesburg,	10 55	5 00
5 16	9 10		Coffee Run,	10 39	4 45
5 24	9 18		Rough & Ready,	10 31	4 36
5 36	9 30		Cove,	10 19	4 24
5 40	9 34		Fisher's Summit	10 15	4 20
	AR	9 45			LE 4 05
AR 5 55	LE 10 00		Saxton,	LE 10 00	AR 3 55
	10 20		Riddlesburg		3 35
	10 28		Hopewell		3 27
	10 48		Piper's Run		3 09
	11 18		Hamilton		2 47
	11 31		Dudley Run		2 34
	AR 11 35		Mount Dallas		LE 2 30

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

	LE 10 05		Saxton,	3 50
	10 20		Coalmont	3 35
	10 25		Crawford	3 25
	AR 10 35		Dudley	3 20
			Broad Top City,	

Huntingdon Nov. 13, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

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